

C.U.SHAH UNIVERSITY

Wadhwan City

Summer Examination-2014

Date: 12 /06/2014

Subject Code : 5SC01PHC2

Subject Name:- Classical Mechanics

Branch/Semester:- M.Sc(Physics) /I

Examination: Remedial

Time:10:30 To 1:00

Instructions:-

- (1) Attempt all Questions of both sections in same answer book / Supplementary
- (2) Use of Programmable calculator & any other electronic instrument is prohibited.
- (3) Instructions written on main answer Book are strictly to be obeyed.
- (4) Draw neat diagrams & figures (If necessary) at right places
- (5) Assume suitable & Perfect data if needed

SECTION-I**Q.1 Write answers of the following Questions**

1. What is meant by Conservation of angular momentum? 2
2. Write the conditions required for circular orbit. 2
3. How the Bertrand's theorem and perturbation of orbits are useful in astronomical units? 2
4. Give the Formula of Eccentricity. 1

- Q.2 A. Derive the Lagrange's equations from Hamilton's principle. 5
- B. Find the equation of orbit and classify different types of orbits on the basis of energy and eccentricity. 5
- C. Explain some techniques of the calculus of Variation. 4

OR

- Q.2 A. Derive the differential equation of orbit. 5
- B. Explain Hamilton's Principle. 4
- C. Derive Variation Principle 5

- Q.3 A. Write a Short note on Virial theorem. 7
- B. Discuss Bertrand's theorem with necessary mathematical expression. 7

OR

- Q.3 A. Derive the Kepler's square law of force. 7
- B. Using Lagrange's equation for r, obtain the following integral 7

$$t = \int_{r_0}^r \frac{dr}{\sqrt{\frac{2}{m}[E - V(r)] - \frac{l^2}{2mr^2}}}$$

SECTION-II**Q.4 Write answers of the following Question.**

1. What is impact parameter in scattering? 1
2. With Example explain stable and unstable equilibrium in small oscillations. 1
3. Differentiate Co-ordinate system and Frame of reference. 1
4. What is inertial frame of reference? 1
5. For Poisson's brackets and prove $[X, X]=0$. 1
6. What is the maximum centrifugal acceleration value of earth? 1
7. If the generating function is $F_2 = q_i p_i$ then prove $p_i = P_i, Q_i = q_i$ and $k = H$ 1



- Q.5 A. Show that the angular acceleration is the same in Fixed and Rotating frames. 5
 B. Give the example of Harmonic Oscillator. 5
 C. What is Coriolis force? Explain. 4
- OR**
- Q.5 A. Discuss the Eigen Vectors and Eigen Frequencies using two coupled pendulum. 5
 B. Explain Gauge transformation. 5
 C. What are normal co-ordinates? Explain 4
- Q.6 A. What is Canonical transformation? Obtain the transformation equation for generating function F_1 . 7
 B. Obtain Hamilton's characteristics function . find the relation in which the time is as a co-ordinate and Hamiltonian is its conjugate momentum. 7
- OR**
- Q.6 A. Derive Hamilton-Jacobi equation and obtain its solution. 7
 B. Explain Rutherford scattering . 7

